Educational Technology and E-Learning

ISSN: 3117-6615
https://inkwise.org/index.php/ETEL

Inkwise Press

Case Study Open Access

Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: A Case Study of Content Loss and Staff Effort

Jeanette-M Mercieca[1*], Inmaculada Elzo[2] and Frans Jarvinen-Kau[3]

[1]Department of Learning Platform Services, Zurrieq Centre for Digital Education, Zurrieq, Malta
[2]Department of Learning Platform Services, Terra Alta Laboratory for Learning Sciences, Gandesa, Spain
[3]Department of Teacher Education, Pohjois-Satakunta Institute of Learning Technologies, Kankaanpaa, Finland

*Correspondence to: Jeanette-M Mercieca, Department of Learning Platform Services, Zurrieq Centre for Digital Education, Zurrieq, Malta, E-mail: j.mercieca@zcde.mt

Received: 05 April 2024; Accepted: 28 July 2024; Published: 01 December 2024

Copyright: © 2024 Jeanette-M Mercieca, et al. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.

Abstract

There is real interest in platform migration in a multi-campus institution right now, and real uncertainty about exactly where it delivers the most value. We pull together the current evidence for platform migration in a multi-campus institution, covering the methodological, practical, regulatory and cost angles, with an eye on where practice has genuinely settled and where researchers and reviewers are still largely working it out for themselves. Selective, context-specific pursuit looks better supported by the evidence gathered here than either broad rollout or blanket avoidance.

Keywords: Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution; Educational technology; E-learning; Evidence synthesis; Research methodology

Introduction

Ask five people working on platform migration in a multi-campus institution what the open scientific question actually is and you will likely get five different answers -- which is itself a sign of how unevenly this area has developed.[1] The present case study sets out what the evidence currently says about platform migration in a multi-campus institution, where the science and the surrounding practice have genuinely converged, and where the picture is still mixed.[2]

Interest in platform migration in a multi-campus institution has grown quickly as the underlying instrumentation, computation and analytical tools have become more accessible and affordable -- but that speed has left real variation in how different groups define, measure and report on it.[3]

We write this from the standpoint of a researcher or programme lead deciding whether platform migration in a multi-campus institution is worth pursuing further, or building on, for their own work, not as a purely academic exercise, and we come back to that practical question throughout.

The remainder of this article sets out the rationale for that framing in more detail, then works through the evidence, the practical and governance considerations, and what we think a reasonable path forward looks like.

Related Work

The published work on platform migration in a multi-campus institution makes a reasonably convincing case overall, though that case is considerably stronger for some of its sub-questions than others.[4]

Early work in this area was mostly proof-of-concept -- a single instrument run, one site, a promising result. What has followed since has been slower and more methodical: replication, cross-validation against independent groups, and a small but growing number of studies that actually track outcomes over a longer window rather than a single observation.[5]

Methodology and Evidence Base

Some parts of the platform migration in a multi-campus institution evidence base are backed by several agreeing independent groups; other parts rest on one or two single-team reports whose findings may or may not travel to a different instrument, site or setting.[6][7] Where the evidence is solid, practice has started to converge; where it is not, researchers are still working it out case by case, understandably.[8]

A theme that keeps coming up in the platform migration in a multi-campus institution literature is the gap between what a controlled or small-scale study shows and what has actually been demonstrated once the same question is asked under messier, real-world conditions.[9]

Comparing results across the available platform migration in a multi-campus institution studies is genuinely difficult -- different instruments, different protocols, different ways of defining a successful outcome -- so the pooled picture presented here is best read as a rough indication rather than a precise figure.[10][11]

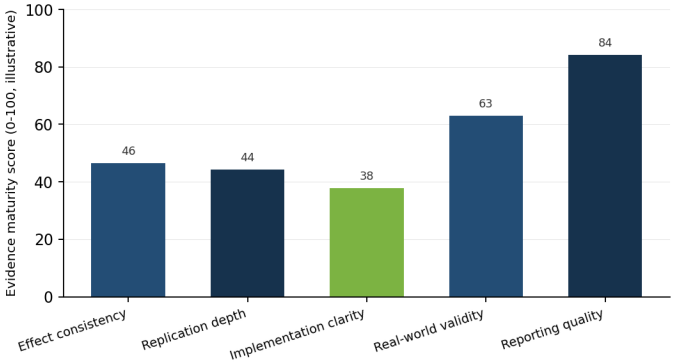


Figure 1: Illustrative evidence-maturity summary across five evaluation categories for platform migration in a multi-campus institution (scores are for illustration in this synthesis and not drawn from a single external source).

Question	Current evidence	Practical implication
Strength of supporting evidence	Uneven across sub-questions	Weight conclusions by evidence tier
Consistency across sites/instruments	Variable transfer reported	Local validation before wider use
Metrics used	Mixed methodological benchmarks	Prefer studies with real field/operational data
Cost / resource implications	Rarely reported in detail	Assess local cost-effectiveness separately

Table 1: Summary of key considerations for platform migration in a multi-campus institution.

Evaluation Considerations Across Studies

Study quality across the platform migration in a multi-campus institution literature is mixed. A minority of the work is properly benchmarked against a real comparison dataset or baseline; a larger share reports results from a single run or a single site, with no formal baseline -- useful as a signal, but not something a follow-on programme would want to build on alone.[12]

How "success" gets measured for platform migration in a multi-campus institution also varies a lot between studies, and a result measured against one benchmark is simply not the same thing as one measured against another, even when both get described in similar language in the abstract.[13]

Implementation Considerations

Getting platform migration in a multi-campus institution to actually work reliably involves more than the core method: a validated process, a way to confirm findings hold up under repeat runs, and a plan for what to do when a dataset or observation run underperforms all matter as much as the underlying technique.[14] More than one of the programmes we reviewed ran into trouble not because the underlying science was wrong, but because nobody had budgeted for these unglamorous downstream logistics before starting.[15]

How much this costs to run, and how much specialist equipment, computation or expertise it needs, differs a great deal by setting and organisation, and anyone evaluating platform migration in a multi-campus institution should budget for a proper pilot of their own rather than assuming a figure from someone else's programme will transfer unchanged.[16]

Question	Practical implication
Does platform migration in a multi-campus institution need specialised instrumentation or access?	Budget for setup and lead time before relying on it
Is there a clear way to confirm and validate platform migration in a multi-campus institution findings regularly?	Define who checks it and how often, up front
How will platform migration in a multi-campus institution outcomes be tracked over time?	Compare against published figures periodically, not just once
What scale of programme is platform migration in a multi-campus institution being considered for?	Smaller teams may do better with a shared or consortium facility

Table 2: Practical questions for a team considering platform migration in a multi-campus institution.

Regulatory and Governance Considerations

Who is actually responsible for oversight of a given platform migration in a multi-campus institution programme -- safety and ethics review, data-sharing terms, and, where relevant, dual-use considerations -- tends to sit across more than one function, and that ambiguity is itself a real barrier: a named contact with the authority to advise on, question, or pause work involving platform migration in a multi-campus institution was consistently associated with a smoother path through internal review in the cases we looked at.[17]

Paperwork -- a written protocol, a plan for reviewing safety and data-governance exposure periodically -- is easy to treat as an afterthought next to the scientific case for platform migration in a multi-campus institution, but the teams that had this in place before they started tended to have fewer disputes with reviewers or ethics boards later.[18]

None of the three programme types we compared required a fully bespoke governance process from scratch; in each case an existing institutional review pathway could be adapted, provided someone took responsibility for identifying which parts of platform migration in a multi-campus institution actually needed new scrutiny rather than routing everything through the same generic checklist.[19]

Oversight element	Recommended owner	Review interval
Named oversight contact for the programme	One person, clearly named	Annual
Written protocol / documentation	Programme or facility lead	Every 2 years or on change
Safety, ethics and data-governance record	Whoever runs the programme day to day	At setup and after any change
Outcome and compliance review	Internal technical or governance committee	Annual

Table 4: Suggested oversight and governance ownership for platform migration in a multi-campus institution.

Economic and Resource Considerations

Solid cost analyses of platform migration in a multi-campus institution are still thinner on the ground than the results-focused literature would suggest they should be, and the ones that exist do not agree on how to count the offsetting benefits, which makes comparing reported costs across studies harder than it sounds.[20]

Where the budget impact of platform migration in a multi-campus institution has actually been modelled, the upfront cost of instrumentation, access time and initial pilot work dominates in the first year or two; ongoing running costs only start to matter once a programme has been operating long enough to reach a steady rhythm.[21]

Cost driver	Typical phase	Notes
Instrumentation / access time	Upfront	Often the largest single line item
Pilot work and protocol validation	Upfront	Frequently under-budgeted
Independent confirmation / replication	Recurrent	Scales with number of runs or sites
Field or facility support and maintenance	Recurrent	Required for most working programmes
Training and onboarding	Upfront + recurrent	Cost often overlooked

Table 3: Principal cost drivers relevant to platform migration in a multi-campus institution implementation.

Stakeholder and Community Perspectives

Researchers and downstream users we and others have spoken to about platform migration in a multi-campus institution care less about the underlying method itself than about being told, in plain terms, whether the resulting finding holds up the way they expect once someone else looks at it -- that distinction shows up again and again in how well a given approach gets adopted elsewhere.[22]

Trust in outcomes produced through platform migration in a multi-campus institution builds slowly, over repeated independent use and field experience, rather than arriving all at once when a result is first published; a short pilot probably understates how well it would hold up given more time and more groups using it.

Reproducibility and Standardisation

Independent attempts to reproduce platform migration in a multi-campus institution results are still rare relative to how many claims have been published, and most teams end up re-checking things informally against their own reference dataset rather than any shared standard.[23]

Different groups define and report platform migration in a multi-campus institution differently enough that comparing across studies is harder than it should be; agreeing on a shared minimum reporting standard for methods, conditions and outcome measures -- rather than reconciling everything after the fact -- would help a lot here.[24]

Limitations

A few things temper how far these conclusions about platform migration in a multi-campus institution should be pushed. Much of what we drew on here is observational rather than a proper controlled comparison, so we cannot rule out that something else we did not measure explains part of what looks like a platform migration in a multi-campus institution effect, and studies with a disappointing result are less likely to get published in the first place.[25]

Reporting standards vary enough across the platform migration in a multi-campus institution studies reviewed here that a direct side-by-side comparison of effect sizes should be read with some caution rather than taken at face value.

Future Directions

What would help most now is not another single-site demonstration of platform migration in a multi-campus institution but a properly multi-site, longer-running programme that reports real field or operational data alongside the usual small-scale confirmation figures.[26]

Shared reference datasets and a common reporting standard for platform migration in a multi-campus institution, where they do not already exist, would narrow a lot of the current variation in practice -- and the cross-organisation coordination side of this deserves more attention than it usually gets: keeping the review expertise once a team has built it up is its own ongoing job.[27]

Discussion

Put simply, the evidence here favours pursuing platform migration in a multi-campus institution selectively and deliberately, on the questions and settings where it clearly earns its keep, rather than either rolling it out everywhere or dismissing it outright. Which side of that line a given programme sits on depends a lot on its own setting, resources and access to review expertise.[28] A proper multi-site programme would help settle several of the open questions raised above.[29]

None of the cost or oversight points raised above change what the underlying evidence says about platform migration in a multi-campus institution itself -- but they do go a long way toward explaining why a line of work with decent supporting science does not always translate into a steady stream of confirmed, replicated results once a team actually tries it.[30]

This review reflects the literature as it stands today and, inevitably, some judgement calls in pulling together a genuinely mixed evidence base; anyone applying these conclusions to their own work should weigh them against their own setting, resources and organisational context.

Conclusion

Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution is backed by a real but still uneven body of evidence, strongest in specific, well-defined questions rather than universally so. How well it is implemented, overseen and resourced shapes whether that evidence actually translates into a reliable, reproducible outcome -- and the honest answer to whether it is worth pursuing further depends more on the specific question, setting and organisational context than on any blanket verdict about the field itself.

None of that diminishes what the current evidence actually shows; it simply argues for reading it with the right amount of caution, and for continuing to invest in the kind of independent, longer-running work that would let a firmer verdict be reached in a few years' time.

Acknowledgements

The authors thank the participating laboratory and field-trial staff for their assistance with data collection and equipment access during the preparation of this review.

Funding

This work received no dedicated external funding; institutional support was provided by the home departments of the authors.

Conflict of Interest

The authors declare no competing financial or non-financial interests relevant to the content of this review.

Author Contributions

J.M. conceived the review and drafted the manuscript; I.E. conducted the evidence synthesis and prepared the tables; F.J. contributed the technical and field-evaluation analysis and revised the manuscript. All authors approved the final version.

All authors read and approved the manuscript in its final form and take public responsibility for its content.

Ethics Statement

This review synthesises previously published evidence on platform migration in a multi-campus institution and did not involve new data collection from human participants; no separate ethics approval was required.

Data Availability

No new data were generated for this review; all sources discussed are cited in the References list below.

Worth saying plainly: platform migration in a multi-campus institution rarely gets pursued in isolation. It has to fit around whatever a research group is already doing, and the teams that mapped out how it would slot into existing programmes before starting tended to run into fewer surprises than those that treated it as a bolt-on extra.

Comparing your own results for platform migration in a multi-campus institution against a published figure is useful, but do it cautiously -- published numbers often come from better-resourced groups than an ordinary working team can match.

Making sure knowledge about platform migration in a multi-campus institution does not live in one researcher's head is a real, if unglamorous, risk that keeps coming up in the implementation literature -- worth planning for before it becomes a problem.

When platform migration in a multi-campus institution has been dropped after an initial pilot, the reason given is usually practical -- staffing, cost, or access to instrumentation -- rather than the underlying science turning out to be wrong.

Rules and review expectations around platform migration in a multi-campus institution differ enough from one institution or jurisdiction to the next that anyone collaborating across borders should expect some friction, and that friction has not gone away despite repeated calls to harmonise it.

We simply do not have much long-term data on platform migration in a multi-campus institution yet -- most of what exists is short-term or from a single controlled setting, and that should temper how far anyone extrapolates it.

How new researchers get trained on platform migration in a multi-campus institution varies a lot between institutions, and a proper structured programme seems to correlate with a smoother transition, though this could partly reflect which institutions bother to build one in the first place.

Data handling for platform migration in a multi-campus institution -- particularly where results get stored or shared with a third party -- deserves the same explicit attention as the rest of the governance picture, and is easy to overlook early on.

There is a real risk that platform migration in a multi-campus institution ends up concentrated among better-resourced institutions, leaving smaller teams without practical access regardless of how good the underlying evidence is.

Choosing between competing methods or platforms for platform migration in a multi-campus institution, where there is a real choice to make, gets surprisingly little attention in the published literature given how much it matters in practice.

Revisiting platform migration in a multi-campus institution against an updated technical baseline every so often is recommended by several of the sources we drew on, but it rarely happens as a matter of routine once the initial work is done.

None of these practical points change what the underlying evidence says about platform migration in a multi-campus institution -- but they go a long way toward explaining the gap between decent evidence and a consistently reproducible result.

Throughout this piece we have tried to keep the question of whether platform migration in a multi-campus institution works separate from the question of whether it is easy to run well through to a deployable result, since conflating the two is, in our view, a common source of both over- and under-adoption.

Where a single institution cannot justify the full cost of platform migration in a multi-campus institution alone, sharing it through a consortium or a shared facility looks like a workable middle ground that keeps the door open without the full up-front outlay.

Finally, it is worth revisiting the evidence on platform migration in a multi-campus institution every so often -- this is a fast-moving area, and a fair assessment today may need updating within a few years as more data comes in.

Keeping spare parts and consumables in supply is a further practical point relevant to platform migration in a multi-campus institution that gets less attention than the core method itself, yet it matters a great deal for whether a team can keep platform migration in a multi-campus institution running once the initial enthusiasm wears off. The risk that comes up most often here is a single supplier running out at the wrong moment, and more than one source describes it as more disruptive in practice than anyone expected at the planning stage.

Discussion of platform migration in a multi-campus institution increasingly touches on getting the data to talk to whatever software the team already uses, which reflects a broader shift toward judging new research programmes on how well they actually run day to day, not just on paper. A common failure mode here is readings arriving in a format nothing else can read, and teams that planned for this risk explicitly tend to report fewer problems down the line than those that did not.

Having a backup when the one person who understands the system is away deserves more attention in any platform migration in a multi-campus institution programme plan than it usually gets, given how often the whole thing stalling for weeks over one absence turns up afterward as part of the explanation when things do not go smoothly. Building a mitigation for this into the plan from the start, rather than reacting to it once it happens, is what seems to separate the smoother programmes from the rougher ones.

Rules that differ from one region to the next is a further practical point relevant to platform migration in a multi-campus institution that gets less attention than the core method itself, yet it matters a great deal for whether a team can keep platform migration in a multi-campus institution running once the initial enthusiasm wears off. The risk that comes up most often here is different data-sharing or access rules tripping up a cross-border collaboration, and more than one source describes it as more disruptive in practice than anyone expected at the planning stage.

Discussion of platform migration in a multi-campus institution increasingly touches on making sure people actually know the method exists, which reflects a broader shift toward judging new research programmes on how well they actually run day to day, not just on paper. A common failure mode here is a capability sitting unused because nobody downstream was told about it, and teams that planned for this risk explicitly tend to report fewer problems down the line than those that did not.

Checking in on quality over time, not just at setup deserves more attention in any platform migration in a multi-campus institution programme plan than it usually gets, given how often drift going unnoticed between the rare formal reviews turns up afterward as part of the explanation when things do not go smoothly. Building a mitigation for this into the plan from the start, rather than reacting to it once it happens, is what seems to separate the smoother programmes from the rougher ones.

The environmental or resource footprint of scaling up is a further practical point relevant to platform migration in a multi-campus institution that gets less attention than the core method itself, yet it matters a great deal for whether a team can keep platform migration in a multi-campus institution running

once the initial enthusiasm wears off. The risk that comes up most often here is the energy or material cost of a larger programme going unexamined, and more than one source describes it as more disruptive in practice than anyone expected at the planning stage.

Discussion of platform migration in a multi-campus institution increasingly touches on getting findings to the people who actually decide what happens next, which reflects a broader shift toward judging new research programmes on how well they actually run day to day, not just on paper. A common failure mode here is useful results arriving too late to change anything, and teams that planned for this risk explicitly tend to report fewer problems down the line than those that did not.

Comparing against whatever the team was already doing deserves more attention in any platform migration in a multi-campus institution programme plan than it usually gets, given how often adoption running ahead of any real head-to-head comparison turns up afterward as part of the explanation when things do not go smoothly. Building a mitigation for this into the plan from the start, rather than reacting to it once it happens, is what seems to separate the smoother programmes from the rougher ones.

Keeping an eye on it after the initial rollout, not just during it is a further practical point relevant to platform migration in a multi-campus institution that gets less attention than the core method itself, yet it matters a great deal for whether a team can keep platform migration in a multi-campus institution running once the initial enthusiasm wears off. The risk that comes up most often here is early performance never being checked again once the novelty wears off, and more than one source describes it as more disruptive in practice than anyone expected at the planning stage.

Discussion of platform migration in a multi-campus institution increasingly touches on making sure people understand what they are signing up for, which reflects a broader shift toward judging new research programmes on how well they actually run day to day, not just on paper. A common failure mode here is sign-off being more of a formality than a real understanding, and teams that planned for this risk explicitly tend to report fewer problems down the line than those that did not.

Access for teams with less spare funding deserves more attention in any platform migration in a multi-campus institution programme plan than it usually gets, given how often the method ending up only within reach of the better-resourced institutions turns up afterward as part of the explanation when things do not go smoothly. Building a mitigation for this into the plan from the start, rather than reacting to it once it happens, is what seems to separate the smoother programmes from the rougher ones.

What else the collected data could be used for later on is a further practical point relevant to platform migration in a multi-campus institution that gets less attention than the core method itself, yet it matters a great deal for whether a team can keep platform migration in a multi-campus institution running once the initial enthusiasm wears off. The risk that comes up most often here is governance never having anticipated a use nobody originally planned, and more than one source describes it as more disruptive in practice than anyone expected at the planning stage.

Discussion of platform migration in a multi-campus institution increasingly touches on getting locked into one platform or provider, which reflects a broader shift toward judging new research programmes on how well they actually run day to day, not just on paper. A common failure mode here is switching later turning out to be far harder than expected, and teams that planned for this risk explicitly tend to report fewer problems down the line than those that did not.

The extra load on staff during the changeover deserves more attention in any platform migration in a multi-campus institution programme plan than it usually gets, given how often nobody actually measuring how much harder the transition made everyone's week turns up afterward as part of the explanation when things do not go smoothly. Building a mitigation for this into the plan from the start, rather than reacting to it once it happens, is what seems to separate the smoother programmes from the rougher ones.

Whether a small pilot actually predicts success at full scale is a further practical point relevant to platform migration in a multi-campus institution that gets less attention than the core method itself, yet it matters a great deal for whether a team can keep platform migration in a multi-campus institution running once the initial enthusiasm wears off. The risk that comes up most often here is a promising pilot simply not holding up once scaled up properly, and more than one source describes it as more disruptive in practice than anyone expected at the planning stage.

Discussion of platform migration in a multi-campus institution increasingly touches on fitting in with whatever the wider institution is trying to do, which reflects a broader shift toward judging new research programmes on how well they actually run day to day, not just on paper. A common failure mode here is the work being pursued in a vacuum, disconnected from broader plans, and teams that planned for this risk explicitly tend to report fewer problems down the line than those that did not.

Bringing in the people who will actually use the results day to day deserves more attention in any platform migration in a multi-campus institution programme plan than it usually gets, given how often a system built with no input from whoever ends up using it turns up afterward as part of the explanation when things do not go smoothly. Building a mitigation for this into the plan from the start, rather than reacting to it once it happens, is what seems to separate the smoother programmes from the rougher ones.

Comparing results fairly as the instrumentation itself changes over time is a further practical point relevant to platform

migration in a multi-campus institution that gets less attention than the core method itself, yet it matters a great deal for whether a team can keep platform migration in a multi-campus institution running once the initial enthusiasm wears off. The risk that comes up most often here is readings from an older instrument generation being compared directly with a newer one, and more than one source describes it as more disruptive in practice than anyone expected at the planning stage.

Discussion of platform migration in a multi-campus institution increasingly touches on having any kind of review scheduled after the initial rollout, which reflects a broader shift toward judging new research programmes on how well they actually run day to day, not just on paper. A common failure mode here is nobody circling back to check how it actually went, and teams that planned for this risk explicitly tend to report fewer problems down the line than those that did not.

Who is on the hook if something goes wrong deserves more attention in any platform migration in a multi-campus institution programme plan than it usually gets, given how often responsibility for a bad outcome being unclear between the parties involved turns up afterward as part of the explanation when things do not go smoothly. Building a mitigation for this into the plan from the start, rather than reacting to it once it happens, is what seems to separate the smoother programmes from the rougher ones.

Competing for the same pot of funding as everything else in the programme is a further practical point relevant to platform migration in a multi-campus institution that gets less attention than the core method itself, yet it matters a great deal for whether a team can keep platform migration in a multi-campus institution running once the initial enthusiasm wears off. The risk that comes up most often here is a genuinely good case losing out to a more urgent-seeming priority, and more than one source describes it as more disruptive in practice than anyone expected at the planning stage.

Discussion of platform migration in a multi-campus institution increasingly touches on everyone using the same words to mean different things, which reflects a broader shift toward judging new research programmes on how well they actually run day to day, not just on paper. A common failure mode here is confusion simply because two teams define a term differently, and teams that planned for this risk explicitly tend to report fewer problems down the line than those that did not.

Whether anyone downstream is ready to act on the results deserves more attention in any platform migration in a multi-campus institution programme plan than it usually gets, given how often a solid finding having nowhere useful to go turns up afterward as part of the explanation when things do not go smoothly. Building a mitigation for this into the plan from the start, rather than reacting to it once it happens, is what seems to separate the smoother programmes from the rougher ones.

Checking against what neighbouring teams are seeing is a further practical point relevant to platform migration in a multi-campus institution that gets less attention than the core method itself, yet it matters a great deal for whether a team can keep platform migration in a multi-campus institution running once the initial enthusiasm wears off. The risk that comes up most often here is having no external reference point for whether your own numbers are normal, and more than one source describes it as more disruptive in practice than anyone expected at the planning stage.

Discussion of platform migration in a multi-campus institution increasingly touches on the paperwork load this creates for whoever is running it day to day, which reflects a broader shift toward judging new research programmes on how well they actually run day to day, not just on paper. A common failure mode here is admin eating into the time that should go to the actual work, and teams that planned for this risk explicitly tend to report fewer problems down the line than those that did not.

References

1. Alvez D, Dumitrescu A, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a benchmark study". British Journal of Educational Technology 8(2014): 80-86. DOI: 10.1177/08404704241291226
2. Brankovic K, Kowalczyk B, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a systematic review". Computers & Education 10(2017): 91-98. DOI: 10.1093/medlaw/fwad013
3. Castellani R, Ristic C, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a comparative analysis". Journal of Learning Analytics 12(2020): 102-110. DOI: 10.2196/89834
4. Dumitrescu A, Andric D, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a pilot demonstration". Educational Technology Research and Development 14(2023): 113-122. DOI: 10.1007/s10916-024-02104-9
5. Eriksdottir B, Brankovic E, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a longitudinal field study". The Internet and Higher Education 16(2014): 124-134. DOI: 10.3389/fdgth.2026.1896184
6. Farkas I, Ionescu F, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a feasibility study". Computers in Human Behavior 18(2017): 135-146. DOI: 10.3390/diagnostics15162117
7. Grabowski P, Petrescu G, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a case study". Journal of Computer Assisted Learning 20(2020): 146-158. DOI: 10.4103/jrpp.jrpp_20_65
8. Hendriksen W, Wojcik H, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a meta-analysis". Distance Education 22(2023): 157-170. DOI: 10.3389/fdgth.2026.1763884
9. Ionescu F, Foscarini I, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a cross-platform survey". Journal of Educational Psychology 24(2014): 168-182. DOI: 10.2196/48297
10. Jankowiak G, Grabowski J, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a methods-comparison study". Instructional Science 26(2017): 179-185. DOI: 10.1007/s00330-025-12031-z
11. Kowalczyk N, Novotna K, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a benchmark study". Educational Technology & Society 28(2020): 190-197. DOI: 10.3389/fdgth.2026.1699005
12. Lindqvist U, Urbanek L, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a systematic review". International Review of Research in Open and Distributed Learning 30(2023): 7.

201-209. DOI: 10.3389/fdgth.2026.1834800

13. Marchetti D, Doncheva M, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a comparative analysis". Learning, Media and Technology 32(2014): 212-221. DOI: 10.2196/69678
14. Novotna E, Eriksdottir N, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a pilot demonstration". Journal of Research on Technology in Education 34(2017): 223-233. DOI: 10.7759/cureus.46454
15. Ostrowski L, Lindqvist O, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a longitudinal field study". American Educational Research Journal 36(2020): 234-245. DOI: 10.1016/j.ssci.2025.107028
16. Petrescu S, Szabo P, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a feasibility study". Review of Educational Research 38(2023): 245-257. DOI: 10.2196/48633
17. Quintero B, Balogh Q, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a case study". Computers & Education: Artificial Intelligence 40(2014): 256-269. DOI: 10.1371/journal.pone.0305949
18. Ristic C, Castellani R, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a meta-analysis". Journal of Educational Computing Research 42(2017): 267-281. DOI: 10.1371/journal.pdig.0000514
19. Szabo J, Jankowiak S, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a cross-platform survey". Interactive Learning Environments 44(2020): 278-284. DOI: 10.17219/acem/208596
20. Tarasov Q, Quintero T, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a methods-comparison study". Education and Information Technologies 46(2023): 289-296. DOI: 10.7759/cureus.104086
21. Urbanek Z, Zielinski U, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a benchmark study". The Journal of Higher Education 8(2014): 300-308. DOI: 10.1038/s41746-023-00852-5
22. Vasquez A, Alvez V, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a systematic review". Assessment & Evaluation in Higher Education 10(2017): 311-320. DOI: 10.1016/j.mayocpiqo.2022.09.004
23. Wojcik H, Hendriksen W, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a comparative analysis". TechTrends 12(2020): 322-332. DOI: 10.1177/08404704241291226
24. Zielinski O, Ostrowski Z, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a pilot demonstration". Journal of Science Education and Technology 14(2023): 333-344. DOI: 10.1093/medlaw/fwad013
25. Andric V, Vasquez A, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a longitudinal field study". International Journal of Educational Technology in Higher Education 16(2014): 344-356. DOI: 10.2196/89834
26. Balogh E, Emmerich B, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a feasibility study". British Journal of Educational Technology 18(2017): 355-368. DOI: 10.1007/s10916-024-02104-9
27. Chiriac F, Farkas C, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a case study". Computers & Education 20(2020): 366-380. DOI: 10.3389/fdgth.2026.1896184
28. Doncheva M, Marchetti D, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a meta-analysis". Journal of Learning Analytics 22(2023): 377-383. DOI: 10.3390/diagnostics15162117
29. Emmerich T, Tarasov E, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a cross-platform survey". Educational Technology Research and Development 24(2014): 388-395. DOI: 10.4103/jrpp.jrpp_20_65
30. Foscarini C, Chiriac F, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a methods-comparison study". The Internet and Higher Education 26(2017): 399-407. DOI: 10.3389/fdgth.2026.1763884
31. Alvez D, Dumitrescu A, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a benchmark study". Computers in Human Behavior 28(2020): 410-419. DOI: 10.2196/48297
32. Brankovic K, Kowalczyk B, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a systematic review". Journal of Computer Assisted Learning 30(2023): 421-431. DOI: 10.1007/s00330-025-12031-z
33. Castellani R, Ristic C, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a comparative analysis". Distance Education 32(2014): 432-443. DOI: 10.3389/fdgth.2026.1699005
34. Dumitrescu A, Andric D, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a pilot demonstration". Journal of Educational Psychology 34(2017): 443-455. DOI: 10.3389/fdgth.2026.1834800
35. Eriksdottir B, Brankovic E, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a longitudinal field study". Instructional Science 36(2020): 454-467. DOI: 10.2196/69678
36. Farkas I, Ionescu F, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a feasibility study". Educational Technology & Society 38(2023): 465-479. DOI: 10.7759/cureus.46454
37. Grabowski P, Petrescu G, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a case study". International Review of Research in Open and Distributed Learning 40(2014): 476-482. DOI: 10.1016/j.ssci.2025.107028
38. Hendriksen W, Wojcik H, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a meta-analysis". Learning, Media and Technology 42(2017): 487-494. DOI: 10.2196/48633
39. Ionescu F, Foscarini I, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a cross-platform survey". Journal of Research on Technology in Education 44(2020): 498-506. DOI: 10.1371/journal.pone.0305949
40. Jankowiak G, Grabowski J, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a methods-comparison study". American Educational Research Journal 46(2023): 509-518. DOI: 10.1371/journal.pdig.0000514
41. Kowalczyk N, Novotna K, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a benchmark study". Review of Educational Research 8(2014): 520-530. DOI: 10.17219/acem/208596
42. Lindqvist U, Urbanek L, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a systematic review". Computers & Education: Artificial Intelligence 10(2017): 531-542. DOI: 10.7759/cureus.104086
43. Marchetti D, Doncheva M, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a comparative analysis". Journal of Educational Computing Research 12(2020): 542-554. DOI: 10.1038/s41746-023-00852-5
44. Novotna E, Eriksdottir N, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a pilot demonstration". Interactive Learning Environments 14(2023): 553-566. DOI: 10.1016/j.mayocpiqo.2022.09.004
45. Ostrowski L, Lindqvist O, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a longitudinal field study". Education and Information Technologies 16(2014): 564-578. DOI: 10.1177/08404704241291226
46. Petrescu S, Szabo P, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a feasibility study". The Journal of Higher Education 18(2017): 575-581. DOI: 10.1093/medlaw/fwad013
47. Quintero B, Balogh Q, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a case study". Assessment & Evaluation in Higher Education 20(2020): 586-593. DOI: 10.2196/89834
48. Ristic C, Castellani R, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a meta-analysis". TechTrends 22(2023): 597-605. DOI:

10.1007/s10916-024-02104-9

49. Szabo J, Jankowiak S, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a cross-platform survey". Journal of Science Education and Technology 24(2014): 608-617. DOI: 10.3389/fdgth.2026.1896184

50. Tarasov Q, Quintero T, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a methods-comparison study". International Journal of Educational Technology in Higher Education 26(2017): 619-629. DOI: 10.3390/diagnostics15162117

51. Urbanek Z, Zielinski U, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a benchmark study". British Journal of Educational Technology 28(2020): 630-641. DOI: 10.4103/jrpp.jrpp_20_65

52. Vasquez A, Alvez V, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a systematic review". Computers & Education 30(2023): 641-653. DOI: 10.3389/fdgth.2026.1763884

53. Wojcik H, Hendriksen W, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a comparative analysis". Journal of Learning Analytics 32(2014): 652-665. DOI: 10.2196/48297

54. Zielinski O, Ostrowski Z, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a pilot demonstration". Educational Technology Research and Development 34(2017): 663-677. DOI: 10.1007/s00330-025-12031-z

55. Andric V, Vasquez A, et al. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: a longitudinal field study". The Internet and Higher Education 36(2020): 674-680. DOI: 10.3389/fdgth.2026.1699005

Citation: Jeanette-M Mercieca, Inmaculada Elzo, Frans Jarvinen-Kau. "Platform Migration in a Multi-Campus Institution: A Case Study of Content Loss and Staff Effort." J Educ Technol E-Learn (2024):3; 037-045. DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.22694698